SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER

HOME SCIENCE

Class - XI



Government of Kerala Department of Education

Prepared by
State Council of Educational Research and Training (SCERT), Kerala
2014

Guidelines for the preparation of question paper for Higher Secondary Education - 2014

Introduction

Term evaluation is an important aspect of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE). It covers the **assessment of learning** aspect of the CCE. The Kerala School Curriculum 2013 postulated that the examination system should be recast so as to ensure a method of assessment that is a valid, reliable and objective measure of student development and a powerful instrument for improving the learning process. The outcome focused written tests are being used as tools for terminal assessment. Practical assessment is also considered for some subjects. The syllabus, scheme of work, textual materials, teacher texts and learning experiences may be considered while developing tools for term evaluation.

In order to make the examination system effective and objective, quality of the question paper needs to be ensured. Questions of different types considering various learning outcomes, thinking skills and of varying difficulty levels are to be included in the question paper. This makes question paper setting a significant task that has to be undertaken with the support of proper guidelines.

The guidelines for the preparation of the question paper have been divided into four heads for its effective implementation and monitoring. The areas are i) preparatory stage, ii) nature of questions, iii) question paper setting and iv) structure of the question paper.

I. Preparatory stage

Before starting the process of question paper setting, the question paper setter should ensure that she/he has:

- Familiarised the current syllabus and textbook of the concerned subject.
- secured the list of Los (Learning Outcomes) relating to the subject.
- acquired the list of thinking skills applicable to the subject (See appendix).
- prepared a pool of questions from each unit of the subject.
- verified the scheme of work and weight of score for each unit/lesson.
- gone through guidelines for the preparation of question paper for higher secondary education – 2014.

II Nature of questions

Questions selected from the pool to be included in the question paper should reflect the following features:

- stem of the question text should be relevant to the question posed.
- multiple choice questions should be provided with four competitive distracters.
- the possibilities of higher order thinking skills should be considered while setting MCQs
- time allotted for each question should be justified according to the thinking skills involved.
- the scope and length of the answer should be clearly indicated.
- questions should be prepared by considering the learning level of the learner.

- the question should focus on the learning outcomes.
- a wide range of thinking skills and learning outcomes from each unit/lesson should be considered.
- varied forms of questions should be covered.
- there should be a balance between the time allotted and the level of question.
- question should be very specific and free from ambiguity.
- question text should not be too lengthy and complicated.
- questions can be prepared based on a single or a cluster of learning outcomes which is scattered over one particular unit or units.
- cluster of learning outcomes from different units can be considered only for graded questions (questions with sub-divisions).
- the possibilities of graded questions reflecting different thinking skills can be explored.
- while preparing questions for language papers importance should be given to the language elements, language skills, discourses, textual content and elements of creativity.
- while preparing questions for subjects other than languages, importance should be given to content, concepts and skills.
- questions should cater the needs of differently abled learners and CWSEN (Children With Special Education Needs)
- the questions should contain varied forms such as objective type with specific focus to multiple choice test items and descriptive types (short answer and essay types).
- directions regarding the minimum word limit for essay type questions should be given.
- sufficient hints can be provided for essay type questions, if necessary.
- maximum usage of supporting items like pictures, graphs, tables and collage may be used while preparing questions.
- questions which hurt the feelings of caste, religion, gender, etc. must be completely avoided.

III. Question paper setting

During the process of question paper setting the question setter should:

- prepare a design of the question paper with due weight to content, learning outcomes, different forms of questions and thinking skills.
- prepare a blue print based on the design.
- prepare scoring key indicating value points and question based analysis along with the question paper.
- while preparing scoring key, thinking skills should also be integrated.
- 60% weight should be given to thinking skills for conceptual attainment and 40% to thinking skills for conceptual generation.
- 15 to 20% weight of total scores must be given to objective type questions and up to 20% weight of total score must be given to essay type questions.

- the highest score that can be given to a question in the question paper is limited to 10% of the total score.
- while fixing the time for answering a question, time for reading, comprehending and writing the answer must be considered.
- The total time limit of the question paper two hours for 60 scores and 2.30 hours for 80 scores question papers with an extra cool-off time of 15 minutes.

IV. Structure of the question paper

The question paper should reflect the following features in general:

- general instructions for the question paper should be given on the top.
- instructions for specific questions can be given before the question text.
- monotony of set patterns (objective or descriptive) should be avoided.
- questions should be prepared in bilingual form.
- there should not be any mismatch between the bilingual versions of the questions.
- choice can be given for questions up to 20% of the total score.
- while giving choice, alternative questions should be from the same unit with the same level of thinking skills.
- in the case of languages, language of the questions and answers should be in the particular language concerned. Necessary directions in this regard must be given in the question paper.

THINKING SKILLS

	THINKING SKILLS
Category/ processes	Alternative terms
1. Remember	Retrieve relevant knowledge from long-term memory
1.1. Recognising	identifying- (e.g. Recognize the dates of important events in Indian history)
1.2. Recalling	retrieving - (e.g. Recall the major exports of India)
2. Understand	Construct meaning from instructional messages, including oral, written and graphic information
2.1. Interpreting	clarifying, paraphrasing, representing, translating (e.g. Write an equation [using B for the number of boys and G for the number of girls] that corresponds to the statement 'There are twice as many boys as girls in this class')
2.2. Exemplifying	illustrating, instantiating (e.g. Locate an inorganic compound and tell why it is inorganic)
2.3. Classifying	categorizing, subsuming (e.g. Classify the given transactions to be recorded in Purchase returns book and Sales returns book)
2.4. Summarising	abstracting, generalizing (e.g. Students are asked to read an untitled passage and then write an appropriate title.)
2.5. Inferring	concluding, extrapolating, interpolating, predicting (e.g. a student may be given three physics problems, two involving one principle and another involving a different principle and ask to state the

2.6. Comparing contrasting, mapping, matching (e.g. Compare historical events to contemporary situations) 2.7. Explaining constructing models (e.g. the students who have studied Ohm's law are asked to explain what happens to the rate of the current when a second battery is added to a circuit.) 3. Apply Carry out or use a procedure in a given situation 3.1. Executing Carrying out (e.g. Prepare Trading and Profit and loss Account from the Trial Balance given and find out the net profit.) 3.2. Implementing Second Law can be used) 4. Analyse Break material into its constituent parts and determines how the parts relate to one another and to an overall structure or purpose discriminating, distinguishing, focusing, selecting (e.g. distinguish between relevant and irrelevant numbers in a mathematical word problem) 4.2. Organising finding coherence, integrating, outlining, parsing, structuring (e.g. the students are asked to write graphic hierarchies best corresponds to the organisation of a presented passage.) 4.3. Attributing deconstructing (e.g. determine the point of view of the author of an essay in terms of his or her ethical perspective) 5. Evaluate Make judgements based on criteria and standards 5.1. Checking coordinating, detecting, monitoring, testing (e.g. after reading a report of a chemistry experiment, determine whether or not the conclusion follows from the results of the experiment.) 5.2. Critiquing judging (e.g. Judge which of the two methods is the best way to solve a given problem) 6. Create Put elements together to form a coherent or functional whole; reorganize elements into a new pattern or structure 6.1. Generating hypothesizing (e.g. design social intervention programmes for overcoming excessive consumerism) constructing (e.g. the students are asked to write a short story based on some specifications)		underlying principle or concept the student is using to arrive at the correct answer.)
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•	6.2. Planning	
	6.3. Producing	

Considering the intellectual level of learners, while setting the question paper;

- 1. 60% weight may be given to thinking skills used for factual and conceptual attainment and
- **2. 40**% **weight may be given to thinking skills for conceptual generation** (higher thinking skills has to be ensured in this category). Thinking skills for conceptual generation means thinking skills needed for elaborating the concepts.

Refer the range of thinking skills given above. We can include the thinking skills no.1.1 to 3.2 (11 processes) under first category and 4.1 to 6.3 (8 processes) under second category.

Guide lines for setting question paper - Home Science

- 1. Multi level questions should be promoted.
- 2. The weight of objective questions should be between 15%-20% of Total score and it should carry one score
- 3. The weight of essay question should be between 15%-20% of Total score and it should carry four or five scores
- 4. The short answer question should carry two or three scores.
- 5. The content given as box item in the SCERT text book should not be used for term end evaluation.
- 6. Graph, diagrams and pictures should be included in the questions wherever necessary.
- 7. Specific hints should be included in the questions if needed.

F.Y.	
March 2014	

Reg. No:	•••••
Name	

Part - III HOME SCIENCE

Maximum: 60 Scores

Time: 2½ hrs

Cool off time: 15 Minutes

Sample Question Paper - 1

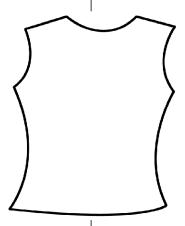
General Instructions to candidates:

- There is 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time of 2 hrs.
- You are neither allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the 'cool off time'.
- Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plant your answers.
- Read the questions carefully before answering
- All questions are compulsory and only internal choice is allowed.
- When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Give equations wherever necessary
- Electronics devices except nonprogrammable calculations are not allowed in the Examination Hall.

പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറം 15 മിനിട്ട് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും. ഈ സമയത്ത് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരം എഴുതാനോ, മറ്റുള്ളരുമായി ആശയം വിനിമയം നടത്തോനോ പാടില്ല.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- എല്ലാ ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഉത്തരം എഴുതണം.
- ഒരു ചോദ്യനമ്പർ ഉത്തരമെഴുതാൻ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുത്ത് കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ ഉപചോദ്യങ്ങളും അതേ ചോദ്യനമ്പ രിൽ നിന്ന് തന്നെ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽത്തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
- ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടുക്കണം
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- പ്രോഗ്രാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേറ്ററുകൾ ഒഴുകെയുള്ള ഒരു ഇലക്ട്രോണിക് ഉപകരണവും പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ പാടില്ല.
- 1. Name the area of Home Science subject related to the study of behavioural problems of children and geriatrics (1)
- കുട്ടികളുടെ സ്വഭാവവൈകല്യവും geriatrics
 ഉം ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുള്ള ഹോം സയൻസ് വിഷയ
 ത്തിലെ ശാഖയുടെ പേരെഴുതുക. (1)
- 2. A person's Body Mass Index (BMI) is 23. In which category of weight does he belong (1)
- ഒരു വ്യക്തിയുടെ Body Mass Index (BMI) 23 ആണ്. തൂക്കത്തിന്റെ ഏത് വിഭാഗത്തിൽ ആ വ്യക്തി ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നു. (1)
- (a) Under Weight
- (b) Normal Weight
- (c) Over Weight
- (d) Obese

- 3. Identify the disease conditions for the following symptoms. (2)
- താഴെ പറയുന്ന ലക്ഷണങ്ങൾ ഉള്ള അസുഖ ങ്ങൾ കണ്ടെത്തുക. (2)
- (a) Bluish white or grey membrane forms in the throat and the tonsils
- (b) Persistent cough, coughing of blood and chest pain
- 4. Choose the correct statements.
- (2)
- 4. ശരിയായ പ്രസ്താവനകൾ തിരഞ്ഞെടു ത്തെഴുതുക (2)
- (a Intensity refers to the colour strength or saturation of a hue
- (b) Red, orange and yellow are cool colours
- (c) Blue is nature's colour
- (d) Proportion is called the law of relationship
- 5. Early childhood care and education can be viewed as an investment for the future. Justify. (2)
- 5. Early childhood care and Education ഭാവിയി ലേക്കുള്ള നിക്ഷേപമായി കരുതപ്പെടുന്നു. സാധൂകരിക്കുക. (2)
- 6. Apply the principle of rhythm for the design given below and name it. (2)
- 6. താഴെ നൽകിയിരിക്കുന്ന ഡിസൈനിൽ Principle of rhythm apply ചെയ്ത് അവയ്ക്ക് പേര് നൽകുക (2)



- 7. Ram a five year old child makes a comment as follows.
- അഞ്ച് വയസ്സുള്ള റാം താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരി ക്കുന്ന രീതിയിൽ പ്രസ്താവിക്കുന്നു.

"The sun and the moon are following me"

Analyse the statement and illustrate the characteristic feature of this stage of cognitive development (2)

പ്രസ്താവന വിശകലനം ചെയ്ത് Cognitive development- ന്റെ ഈ ഘട്ടത്തിലുള്ള സവി ശേഷത വിശദമാക്കുക. (2)

- 8. Examine the items of family income given below and categorise them into appropriate heads. (2)
- താഴെ നൽകിയിരിക്കുന്ന family income ലെ
 ഇനങ്ങൾ പരിശോധിച്ച് അവയെ തരംതിരിച്ച്
 അനുയോജ്യമായ പേര് നൽകുക (2)

Pension, house, lotteries, stitching their own clothes.

- 9. Your bedroom looks very small. How can you create an illusion of space by arranging furniture? (2)
- o. നിങ്ങളുടെ കിടപ്പുമുറി തീരെ ചെറുതായി കാണ പ്പെടുന്നു. സ് പെയീസ് കൂടു തൽ തോന്നി പ്പിക്കാൻ furniture എങ്ങനെയെല്ലാം ക്രമീകരിയ്ക്കാം? (2)
- 10. Differentiate between conductive hearing loss and sensory neural hearing loss (2)
- 10. Conductive hearing loss ഉം Sensory neural hearing loss ഉം വേർതിരിക്കുക (2)
- 11. Complete the table (2)
- 11. പട്ടിക പൂർത്തിയാക്കുക. (2)

Category	Intelligent Quotient
Mild mental retardation	
	20-34

- 12. Seetha, a mother of 2 year old child would like to promote growth, self discipline and self control in her child. In your opinion which type of disciplinary technique is most suitable to inculcate the above said qualities. Explain (3)
- 12. രണ്ട് വയസ്സുള്ള കുട്ടിയുടെ അമ്മ സീത തന്റെ കുഞ്ഞിൽ growth, self discipline, self control എന്നിവ വളർത്താൻ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നു. നിങ്ങളുടെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ ഏത് തരം displinary technique ആണ് മേൽപ്പറഞ്ഞ ഗുണങ്ങൾ കുട്ടിയിൽ വളർത്തിയെടുക്കാൻ അനുയോജ്യം. വിശദമാക്കുക. (3)
- 13. List the emotional needs of the elderly (3)
- മുതിർന്നവരുടെ വൈകാരിക ആവശ്യങ്ങൾ ലിസ്റ്റ് ചെയ്യുക. (3)
- 14. Elucidate the motivating factors in the management of conducting a class science exhibition (3)
- 14. Class science exhibition നടത്തുന്നതിന്റെ മാനേജ്മെന്റുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രചോദന ഘട കങ്ങൾ വിശദമാക്കുക. (3)

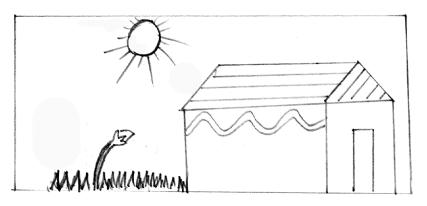
- 15. Your mother asked you to buy a packed bottle of ghee
- (a) Which standard mark will help you to assure the quality of ghee (1)
- (b) Discuss the features of the above said standard mark (2)
- 16. Ravi, a 17 year old boy has been caught by a policeman for stealing. Evaluate the reasons (any three) that has led him to such a condition (3)
- 17. (a) Name the adulterant commonly found in channa dal (1)
 - (b) How will you detect the same in the laboratory (2)
- 18. Prepare a chart to show the importance of immunisation to be exhibited in your school science exhibition (3)
- 19. Critically evaluate the role of budgeting in your family (3)
- 20. (a) Compare the terms growth and development (2)
 - (b) Explain the role of following factors on growth and development
 - (a) Nutrition
 - (b) Emotional factors (2)
- 21. (A) Priyanka, 16 year old +1 student eats large amounts of high calorie foods shortly followed by purging with self induced vomiting. Identify her problem, causes and consequences.

OR

- നിങ്ങളുടെ അമ്മ ഒരു കുപ്പി നെയ്യ് വാങ്ങാൻ നിങ്ങളോട് പറഞ്ഞു.
- (എ)നെയ്യൂടെ ഗുണനിലവാരം ഉറപ്പാക്കാൻ ഏത് സ്റ്റാൻഡേർഡ് മാർക്ക് നിങ്ങളെ സഹായിക്കും
- (ബി)പ്രസ്തുത സ്റ്റാൻഡേർഡ് മാർക്കിന്റെ പ്രത്യേ കതകൾ എഴുതുക (2)
- 16. 17 വയസ്സുള്ള രവിയെ മോഷണ കുറ്റത്തിന് പോലീസ് പിടിച്ചു. ഇവനെ ഈ സാഹചര്യ ത്തിലേയ്ക്ക് നയിച്ച കാരണങ്ങൾ (മൂന്നെണ്ണം) വിലയിരുത്തുക. (3)
- 17. (a) Channa dal ൽ സാധാരണയായി കാണ പ്പെടുന്ന മായത്തിന്റെ പേരെഴുതുക (1)
 (b) ഇത് നിങ്ങൾ ലാബോറട്ടറിയിൽ എങ്ങനെ പരിശോധിച്ച് കണ്ടെത്തും? (2)
- 18. സ്കൂൾ സയൻസ് exhibition- ൽ പ്രദർശിപ്പി ക്കു വാൻ പ്രതിരോധ കുത്തിവയ് പിന്റെ പ്രാധാന്യം സംബന്ധിച്ച ഒരു ചാർട്ട് തയാറാ ക്കുക. (3)
- കുടുംബത്തിൽ ബഡ്ജറ്റിന്റെ പങ്ക് സംബന്ധിച്ച് വിമർശനാത്മകമായി വിലയിരുത്തുക. (3)
- 20. (എ) വളർച്ച, വികാസം എന്നീ പദങ്ങൾതാരതമ്യം ചെയ്യുക (2)
 - (ബി) വളർച്ചയിലും വികാസത്തിലും താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഘടകങ്ങളുടെ പങ്ക് വിശദമാക്കുക.
 - (a) Nutrition
 - (b) Emotional factors
- (എ) 16 വയസ്സുള്ള +1 ൽ പഠിക്കുന്ന പ്രിയങ്ക കലോറി ധാരാളം അടങ്ങിയ ഭക്ഷണം കഴി യ്ക്കുകയും തുടർന്ന് സ്വയം ശർദ്ദിച്ച് കളയു കയും ചെയ്യുന്നു. അവളുടെ പ്രശ്നം ഏതാ ണെന്നും അവയുടെ കാരണവും പരിണതഫ ലവും കണ്ടെത്തി എഴുതുക.

അല്ലെങ്കിൽ

- (B) Discuss the characteristics of adolescence that distinguish it from other stages (6)
- (ബി) മറ്റു ഘട്ടങ്ങളിൽ നിന്നും adolescent വേർതിരിക്കുന്ന സവിശേഷതകൾ ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുക
- 22. (A) Identify various types of lines in the given picture and explain the emotional effects of various types of lines.
- 22. (എ) താഴെകൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന ചിത്രത്തിൽ നിന്നും വിവിധ ലൈനുകൾ കണ്ടെത്തുകയും അവ ഉണ്ടാക്കുന്ന emotional effects വിശദ മാക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുക.



OR

(B) Your friend would like to participate in a painting competition. Advise her on various colour harmonies with examples that your friend can apply in the painting competition (6)

അല്ലെങ്കിൽ

(ബി)നിങ്ങളുടെ സുഹൃത്ത് ചിത്രരചനാമത്സരത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കാൻ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നു. പ്രസ്തുത ചിത്രരചനാ മത്സരത്തിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാനായി Colour harmonies നെ സംബന്ധിച്ച് ഉദാഹ രണസഹിതം ഉപദേശം നൽകുക. (6)

Qn. No.	Value points		Total
1	Human Development	1	1
2	Normal Weight	1	1
3	(a) Diphtheria(b) Tuberculosis	1 1	2
4	(a) Intensity refers to the colour strength or saturation of a line(b) Proportion is called the law of relationship	1 1	2
5	 ECCE ensures better foundation for an all-round development Provides opportunity for play Prevents wastage and stagnation Provides suitable environment for all categories of children Satisfies nutritional needs and the health care of children (Any two value points from the above can be scored) 	1 1	2
6	Application of principle through diagram Name (Rhythm through repetition, gradation, radiation, opposition and transition (any one of these can be scored)	1 1	2
7	Egocentrism The enability to take another person's perspective or point of view	1 1	2
8	Money income - Pension, lotteries Real income - House, stitching their own clothes	1 1	2
9	 Big pieces of furniture should be against the wall Folding and light furniture should be used Follow the wall space and avoid arranging furniture away from the wall (Any two value points from the above can be scored) 	1 1	2
10	Conductive hearing loss-obstruction to the conduction of sound through the outer or middle ear Sensory neural hearing loss-damage to the hair cells within the cochlea	1	2
11	50 - 70 Severe mental retardation	1 1	2
12	(a) Democratic disciplinary methods employ explanations, discussion and reasoning(b) No harsh punishment and reward with praise(c) Promote independence in thinking achieve healthy,	1	3
	positive approach	1	

Qn. No.	Value points		Total
13	 The presence of others and their emotional support Love and affection from near and dear ones A constant companion who looks after them every time A sense of belongingness To be a productive member of the family To be with family members and neighbours and talk with them Physical and Psychological support from family and society (Any there value points from the above can be scored) 	1 1 1	3
14	Values Standards Goals With explanation in a single sentence	1 1 1	3
15	 (a) AGMARK (b) (a) It categorizes commodities (b) Specifies the type of packing (c) establishes health market practices (Any two value points from the above can be scored) 	1 1 1	3
16	Poverty, family, lack of appropriate guidance and discipline, the home situation, victims of abuse, school dropouts, exposure to media, peer influence, lack of age appropriate sex education, gang culture (explain any there value points from the above)	1 1 1	3
17	(a) Metanil yellow(b) Soak 5 gm of dal in 5ml of water and add Con.Hcl.magenta colours indicates the presence of metanil yellow	1 2	3
18	Format of chart (1) Vaccines promote health (2) Immunisation have an exclusive reach (3) Immunisations have rapid impact (4) Vaccines saves lives and costs (Any two value points can be scored)	1 1` 1	3
19	 (1) Serves as a financial guide (2) Spending money carefully (3) Allocation of income for expenditure (4) Develops a sense of co-operation (5) Saves money for unforeseen emergencies (6) Time record (7) Make family happy (Any three value points from the above can be scored) 	1 1 1	3

Qn. No.	Value points	Score Total
20	a Growth 1. Refers to increase in size ht, wt,et 2. Easily measured and observed 3. It is limited 4. Limited to specific areas 5. Quantitative change 3. Continuous 4. Concerned aspects 5. Quantitative qualitative of	aprovement in hing of the ss. measured 1 1 with various
	 (Any two value points from the above can be scored) b.a (1) Nutrition helps in physical and mental deve (2) Insufficient diet causes deficency diseases ar growth retardation (Any one value point from the above can be scored) (b) Emotional disturbances, insecurity etc. have a negative effect on growth and development 	nd 1 4
21	 (A) (a) Bulimia Nervosa with explanation causes: Boobsession, low self esteem, depression, stress, mental liproblems, puberty and genetics (explain any two from the above said value points) consequences (1) Loss of muscles or body weight (2) Vomiting and excess use of laxatives (3) damage and teeth enamel (4) lead to irritations and bleethe lining of throat stomach (5) abuse of mediati in tonicity (Any three points from the above) OR (B) (1) Significant period (2) Transitional phase from child hood to adult (3) Problem age (4) Time of identity formation (5) Unrealistic aspirations (6) Threshold of adulthood (7) Time of experimentation, idealism, conflict and uncertainity (Explain any six points from the above) 	health 1 1 1 6 s stomach ding in 1 on can result 1 hood 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Qn. No.	Value points	Score	Total
INU.			
22	A. Line identification and listing Vertical lines	1 1	
	Horizontal lines Dragonal lines Curved lines	1 1	6
	Zigzag lines OR	1	
	B. Monochromatic colour scheme Analogous colour scheme Complementary colour scheme Double Complementary colour scheme Split Complementary colour scheme Trials (explanation in one sentence with examples)	1 1 1 1 1 1	

F.Y.	Reg. No:	
March 2014	Name	

Part - III HOME SCIENCE

Maximum: 60 Scores

Time: 2½ hrs

Cool off time: 15 Minutes

Sample Question Paper - 2

General Instructions to candidates:

- There is 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time of 2 hrs.
- You are neither allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the 'cool off time'.
- Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plant your answers.
- Read the questions carefully before answering
- All questions are compulsory and only internal choice is allowed.
- When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Give equations wherever necessary
- Electronics devices except nonprogrammable calculations are not allowed in the Examination Hall.

പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറം 15 മിനിട്ട് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും. ഈ സമയത്ത് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരം എഴുതാനോ, മറ്റുള്ളരുമായി ആശയം വിനിമയം നടത്തോനോ പാടില്ല.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- എല്ലാ ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഉത്തരം എഴുതണം.
- ഒരു ചോദ്യനമ്പർ ഉത്തരമെഴുതാൻ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുത്ത് കഴിഞ്ഞാൽ ഉപചോദ്യങ്ങളും അതേ ചോദ്യനമ്പ രിൽ നിന്ന് തന്നെ തെരെഞ്ഞെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽത്തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
- ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടുക്കണം
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- പ്രോഗ്രാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേറ്ററുകൾ ഒഴുകെയുള്ള ഒരു ഇലക്ട്രോണിക് ഉപകരണവും പരീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ പാടില്ല.
- 1. Choose the expanded form of FAO from the following
 - (a) Federation of Agricultural Organisation.
 - (b) Food and Agricultural Organisation
 - (c) Food for Agricultural Organisation.
 - (d) Family and Agricultural Organisation (1)
- താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നതിൽ നിന്നും FAO യുടെ ശരിയായ വിപുലീകരണം തെരഞ്ഞെ ടുത്തെഴുതുക.
 - (a) Federation of Agricultural Organisation.
 - (b) Food and Agricultural Organisation
 - (c) Food for Agricultural Organisation.
 - (d) Family and Agricultural Organisation (1)

2. Substitute the following sentence with a single term.

"The sudden increase in height and weight of an individual that turns children into adolescence" (1)

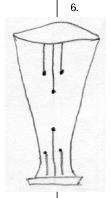
- 3. During a medical camp a group of people were found to have visual acuity less than 20/200. In which category of visual impairement do they belong. (1)
- 4. Rani always complain about backache after doing continuous work.
 - a. Name the type of fatigue she may suffer from? (1)
 - b. How can she overcome this problem (1)
- 5. a. Suppose you availed the services of plumber in your home. To which category of family income does this belong (1)
 - b. Select the other ways by which this types of income can be availed.(2)

2. ഒറ്റവാക്കിൽ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

"The sudden increase in height and weight of an individual that turns children into adolescence"

- ഒരു മെഡിക്കൽ ക്യാമ്പിൽ നടത്തിയപ്പോൾ ഒരു കൂട്ടം ആൾക്കാർക്ക് Visual acuity 20/ 200 ൽ കുറവാണെന്ന് കാണപ്പെട്ടു. ഇത്തരം ആൾക്കാരെ കാഴ്ച വൈകല്യത്തിന്റെ ഏതു വിഭാഗത്തിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്താം (1)
- തുടർച്ചയായി ജോലി ചെയ്യുമ്പോൾ റാണിയ്ക്ക് കടുത്ത പുറം വേദന അനുഭവപ്പെടുന്നു.
- (എ) ഏതുതരം ക്ഷീണമാണ് ഇവർക്ക് അനുഭവപ്പെ ടുന്നത് ? (1)
- (ബി) എങ്ങനെ അവൾക്ക് ഈ അവസ്ഥ തരണം ചെയ്യാൻ സാധിക്കും. (1)
- 5. (എ) നിങ്ങളുടെ വീട്ടിൽ ഒരു പ്ലംബറുടെ സേവനം ആവശ്യമായി വരുന്നു. ഏതുതരം കുടുംബ വരുമാനത്തിൽ ഇതിനെ ഉൾപ്പെ ടുത്താം? (1) (ബി) മറ്റ് ഏതെല്ലാം മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങളിലൂടെ ഇത്തര ത്തിലുള്ള വരുമാനം കുടുംബത്തിന് ലഭ്യമാ ക്കാൻ സാധിക്കും.

6.



- a. Observe the above picture and identify the principle of design applied here. (1)
- b. Create a design in which any other principle of design is applied and name the principle. (3)
- (എ)മുകളിൽ തന്നിരിക്കുന്ന ചിത്രം നിരീക്ഷിച്ച് ഏത് Principle of design ആണ്apply ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നെഴുതുക. (1)
- (ബി) മറ്റേതെങ്കിലും Principle of design apply ചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് ഒരു ഡിസൈൻ വരച്ച് ഏത് ആണെന്നെഴുതുക (3)

- 7. Effective use of color can create an illusion of added space. Critically analyse. (2)
- 8. Readymade antibodies is given in the event of a bite by a rabid animal. Describe the type of immunity the person get? (2)
- 9. Differentiate warm and cool colours.
- 10. Identify the disease condition in which
 - a. RBC looks sickle shaped.
 - b. Accumulation of uric acid around joints. (2)
- 11. Distinguish between active and passive play (2)
- 12. Illustrate special feature of Montessori Approach in preschool education. (2)
- 13. Analyse the given statement and state the corresponding principles related to growth and development.
 - a. Child can hold his head only after neck muscles are strong enough to hold it.
 - b. Children of tall parents are generally tall. (2)

14.

- കളർ കാര്യക്ഷമമായി ഉപയോഗിച്ചാൽ സ്ഥല വിസ്തൃതി കൂടുതലായി തോന്നിയ്ക്കും. വിമർശനാത്മകമായി വിലയിരുത്തുക (2)
- ഒ. പേവിഷ ബാധയുള്ള ഒരു മൃഗത്തിന്റെ കടി യേറ്റാൽ തയാറാക്കപ്പെട്ട പേവിഷബാധയ്ക്കെ തിരായ antibodies നൽകുന്നു. ഏതു തരത്തി ലുള്ള immunity ആണ് ഇപ്രകാരം ലഭ്യമാകുന്നത്. വിശദീകരിക്കുക (2)
- Warm and cool colours ന്റെ വ്യത്യാസം തിരിച്ചറിയുക (2)
- താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന അസുഖങ്ങളെ കണ്ടെത്തുക.
 - a. RBC looks sickle shaped.
 - b. Accumilation of uric acid around joints. (2)
- 11 Active play and passive play തിരിച്ചറി യുക (2)
- 12 Montessori സമീപനത്തിന്റെ സവിശേഷത കൾ എന്തെല്ലാം? (2)
- താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന പ്രസ്ഥാവനകൾ വിലയിരുത്തി growth and development ലെ principle ഏത് നെ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുന്നു എന്നെഴുതുക
- (എ)Child can hold his head only after neck muscles are strong enough to hold it.
- (ബി) Children of tall parents are generally tall. (2)

14.



- a. Identify the above design (1)
- b. Find out any three criteria for drawing such a desigin. (3)
- (എ) മുകളിൽ കാണിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന ചിത്രം ഏതെന്ന് തിരിച്ചറിയുക.(1)
- (ബി)ഇത്തരം ഒരു ഡിസൈൻ വരയ്ക്കാനായി പാലി ക്കേണ്ട ഏതെങ്കിലും 3 മാനദണ്ഡങ്ങൾ എഴുതുക.

(3)

- 15. Your friend pressurise you to go for a movie without attending the school. Suggest some strategies to manage this kind of peer pressure. (3)
- 16. Anu, a 13 years old girl always hurts her classmates. Suggest any 3 suitable measures to overcome her behavior problem.(3)
- 17. List the merits of old age homes pointed out in a debate conducted in your class on the topic 'The merits and demerits of old age homes.' (3)
- 18. Construct a table showing the causative organism and preventive vaccine for the following diseases.
 - a. Tuberculosis
 - b. Measles (3)
- 19. Evaluation is also called looking back or feedback. Give reason. (3)
- 20. Identity formation during adolescence involves three general aspects. Explain.(3)
- 21. Your friend purchased a refrigerator. On reaching home, she found that it is not functioning properly. She wishes to make a complaint at the consumer forum. Advice her on the procedure for solving her redressal.

OR

As a consumer, we face bitter experiences. Evaluate the statement. (6)

22. There are provisions to rehabilitate Juvenile Delinquents after being released or acquitted. Substantiate the statement.

OR

Discuss the causes, prevention and care of mental retardation. (6)

- നിങ്ങളുടെ സുഹൃത്ത് ക്ലാസിൽ കയറാതെ സിനിമയ്ക്ക് പോകാൻ പ്രേരിപ്പിക്കുന്നു. ഇത്ത രത്തിലുള്ള peer pressure എങ്ങനെ ഒഴി വാക്കാം? (3)
- 16. 13 വയസുള്ള അനു എന്ന പെൺകുട്ടി തന്റെ സഹപാഠികളെ വേദനിപ്പിക്കുന്നു. അവളുടെ ഈ സ്വഭാവവൈകലൃത്തെ എങ്ങനെ പരിഹ രിക്കാം? (3)
- നിങ്ങളുടെ ക്ലാസ്സിൽ old age homes ന്റെ ഗുണവശങ്ങളെപ്പറ്റിയും ദോഷവശങ്ങളെപ്പ റ്റിയും ഒരു ചർച്ച നടത്തുകയാണ്. അതിൽ old age homes ന്റെ ഗുണവശങ്ങളെപ്പറ്റി പ്രതിപാ ദിക്കുക. (3)
- താഴെ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന അസുഖങ്ങളെ സംബന്ധിച്ച് അതിന്റെ causative organism ഉം preventive vaccine ഉം എന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റി ഒരു പട്ടിക തയ്യാറാക്കുക. (3)
 - a. Tuberculosis
 - b. Measles
- വിലയിരുത്തൽ പ്രക്രിയയെ looking back or feedbackഎന്നു പറയപ്പെടുന്നു. കാരണം വിശദമാക്കുക. (3)
- 20. കൗമാരകാലത്തെ Identity formation ന് പ്രധാനമായും 3 ഘട്ടങ്ങളുണ്ട്. വിശദമാക്കുക. (3)
- 21. നിങ്ങളുടെ കൂട്ടുകാരൻ ഒരു refrigerator വാങ്ങി. വീട്ടിലെത്തിയപ്പോൾ അത് നല്ലതു പോലെ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നില്ല എന്നു കണ്ടെത്തി. അവൾ അതിനെതിരായ ഒരു പരാതി കൊടു ക്കാൻ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നു. അവളുടെപരാതി പരി ഹരിക്കുന്നതിനുവേണ്ടിയുള്ള വഴികൾ പറ ഞ്ഞുകൊടുത്ത് ബോധവത്കരിക്കുക.

OF

"ഒരു ഉപഭോക്താവ് എന്ന നിലയിൽ നിങ്ങൾക്ക് ഒരുപാട് കയ്പേറിയ അനുഭവങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ട്" ഈ പ്രസ്ഥാവന വിലയിരുത്തുക. (6) കുറ്റവാസനയുള്ള കുട്ടികളെ മുക്തനായ ശേഷവും പുനരധിവസിപ്പിക്കാനുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങ ളുണ്ട്. സാധൂകരിക്കുക.

OR

ബുദ്ധിമാന്ദ്യത്തിന്റെ കാരണങ്ങളും തടയാനും സംര ക്ഷിക്കാനുമുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങളെപ്പറ്റി ചർച്ചചെയ്യുക. (6)

Qn.	Sub	Value points		Total
No.	Qns			
1		Food and Agricultural Organisation	1	1
2		Growth spurt	1	1
3		Legally blind	1	1
4	a	Physiological fatigue	1	
	b	Providing rest in between works	1	2
5	а	Real indirect income	1	
	b	fringe benefits, barter system	2	3
6	a	Formal balance	1	
	b	Creation of design	2	
		Naming	1	4
7		Light color gives a feeling of space	1	
		Color rhythm can lead the space beyond boundaries	1	
		Accent color at focal point of room can increase space		2
		(Any 2 points can be scored)		
8		Artificially acquired passive immunity occurs with injection	1	
		of readymade antibodies into a person. These antibodies were produced by another individuals	1	
		immune system	1	2
9		Warm color - Colour on the left side of the colour wheel.		
		Red, Orange, Yellow are warm colours	1	
		Cool colors - Colours on the right side of the colour wheel.		
		Blue, green, Purple are cool colours	1	2
10	a	Sickle cell anaemia	1	
	b	Gout	1	2
11		Active Play :- Children get satifaction from what they do.		
		Suitable examples should be included.	1	
		Passive Play: - Children play a passive role. Suitable examples		2
1.0		should be included.	1	2
12		a. Structural Environment	1 1	
		b. Individual activity c. Sensory tranining	Ţ	
		(any 2 valid points from the above with brief explanation)		2
13		a. Devt. is due to maturation	1	
		b. Devt. is predictable	1	2
14		a. Decorative Design	1	
		b. Decoration should be used in moderation, should be in		
		structural points, should have enough back ground space,		
		suitable for the material used, Should suit the pattern	3	4
		(any three valid points from above can be scored)		

Qn.	Sub		Value points		Score	Total
No.	Qns					
15		- Developing s strong sense of oneness				
			cation with parents to	eacher etc.	1	
		- Suggest ways to			1	
		- Widen social co	ntacts and engaging i	n extra curricular		
		activity				
		- build up self est			1	3
		(any 3 valid poir	its from the above car	be scored)		
16		- Love the child				
		- Respect her righ				
		- Recoguise her w	_		1	
		_	nitiative and creative		1	
		- Encourage curic	•			
		* *	unities for whole some		1	3
		-	points from the above			
17			ilable at reasonable co			
			reation and amusemen		1	
			contact with contem	perories with similar		
		intrest and abiliti			1	
			or acceptance by conr	=	1	3
			its from the above can			
18		Name of the	Causative	Vaccine		
		Diseases	organism	7.00		
		Tuberculosis	Mycobacterium	BCG	1	
		N f 1	tuberculosis	NAME	1	
		Measles	Measles Virus	MMR,	1	
			Table construction	Measles Vaccine	1	3
10		A	Table construction			3
19	Assessing progress at every stage provides checks, help in judging			1		
					1	
	strength, overcoming weakness			rarad)	1	3
20			three points from above can be scored)			
20	Self concept, sense of identity,				1 +1+1	
		Self esteem				3

When to file a complaint Where to file a complaint How to file a complaint OR Defects in weights and measures Substandand quality Improper use of srandard marks False advertisement Misleading labelling Hoarding of commodities (Any 6 valid points from above with explanation)	2 × 3	6
Adoption Foster care Setting up after care organisation After care organisation (Any three valid points from above with brief explanation) OR Causes Chromosomal and genetic disorder Maternal infection Maternal Age Maternal nutrition Radiation Birth complication Brain injury and brain disceases Lead poisoning Prvention and care Avoid marriage between close blood relatives Proper weaning food. Genetic counselling and birth control Proper care of mother and child Provision for public education (Any 3 valid points from causes and 3 points from pervention and care from the above with brief explanation can be scored)	2 × 3 3 × 2	6
	Where to file a complaint How to file a complaint OR Defects in weights and measures Substandand quality Improper use of srandard marks False advertisement Misleading labelling Hoarding of commodities (Any 6 valid points from above with explanation) Adoption Foster care Setting up after care organisation After care organisation (Any three valid points from above with brief explanation) OR Causes Chromosomal and genetic disorder Maternal infection Maternal Age Maternal nutrition Radiation Birth complication Brain injury and brain disceases Lead poisoning Prvention and care Avoid marriage between close blood relatives Proper weaning food. Genetic counselling and birth control Proper care of mother and child Provision for public education (Any 3 valid points from causes and 3 points from pervention and care from the above with brief explanation	Where to file a complaint How to file a complaint OR Defects in weights and measures Substandand quality Improper use of srandard marks False advertisement Misleading labelling Hoarding of commodities (Any 6 valid points from above with explanation) Adoption Foster care Setting up after care organisation After care organisation (Any three valid points from above with brief explanation) OR Causes Chromosomal and genetic disorder Maternal infection Maternal Age Maternal nutrition Radiation Birth complication Brain injury and brain disceases Lead poisoning Prvention and care Avoid marriage between close blood relatives Proper weaning food. Genetic counselling and birth control Proper care of mother and child Provision for public education (Any 3 valid points from causes and 3 points from pervention and care from the above with brief explanation